

The Immigration Process and Mangere Refugee Resettlement Process

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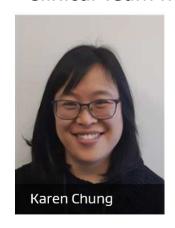
Refugee Health Liaison Team

Administrative Team Members





Clinical Team Members







Topics

- The Immigration Process (The Refugee Journey)
- New Quota Refugee Health Model (Offshore Assessments)
- The Impact of COVID-19 on Refugee Resettlement
- Te Āhuru Mōwai o Aotearoa (Mangere Refugee Resettlement Process)
- MBIE Interpreting Services

Four categories

Refugee and Protected Person Status

This can be claimed on arrival at a NZ airport

or port, or at a later time after arrival in NZ.

- People who fear returning to their own country can ask NZ to recognise them as refugees or protected persons.
- NZ has signed an international convention that supports the right of people to seek asylum.

Community Organisation Refugee Sponsorship Category (CORS)

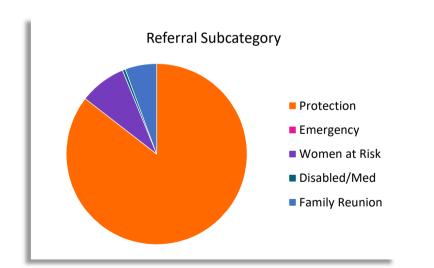
- In June 2017, the Government agreed to pilot a CORS Category as an alternative form of admission for 25 refugees in 2017/18, to complement the Refugee Quota Programme.
- provide an opportunity for community organisations to more actively engage in supporting successful refugee settlement
- enable sponsored refugees, with the support of community organisations, to quickly become independent and self-sufficient
- In May 2020, the Government agreed to extend the CORS category pilot for a further 3 years from 1 July 2021.

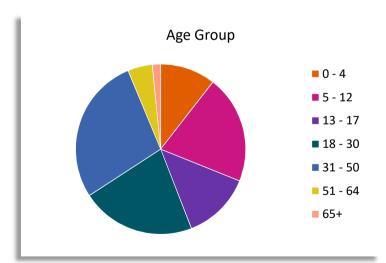
Four categories

| Refugee Quota Programme (RQP) | Refugee Family Support Category |
|---|---|
| Decided by the NZ GovernmentEstablished 1987 | Supports refugees living in New Zealand to settle by allowing them to sponsor family members for residence |
| Annual refugee quota includes: Women at risk Medical/disabled (incl HIV/AIDS) General Protection (including family reunification) Selection missions and decision-making process | Up to 300 sponsored people each year |
| | Both are New Zealand residents on arrival – can access the same health, housing, education, and benefit and employment support as other NZ residents and citizens |
| | |

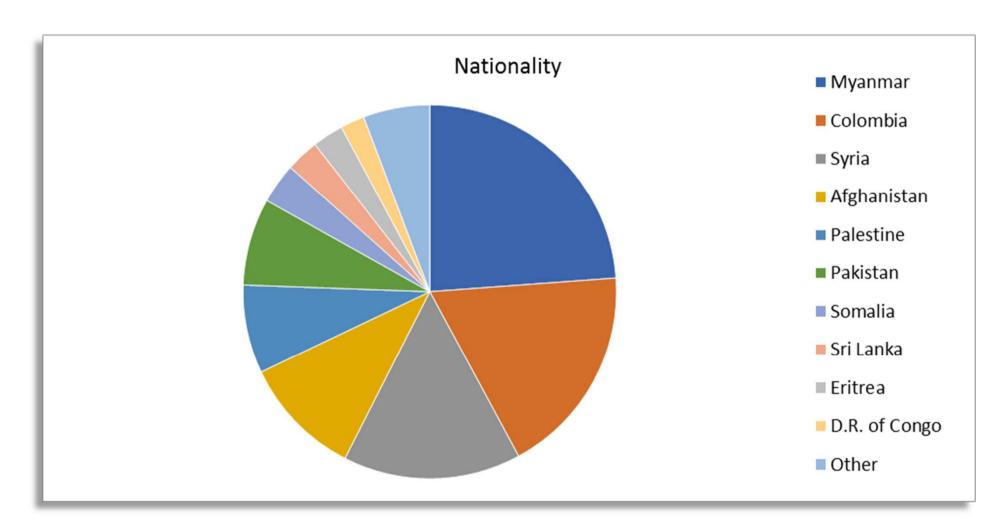
New Zealand Quota Refugee Resettlement

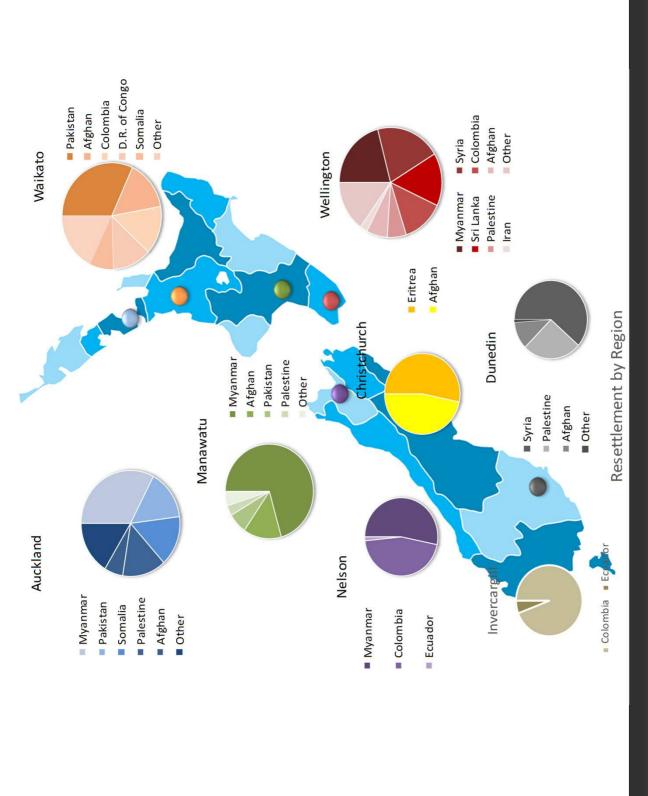
- Humanitarian programme 1500 people from July 2020
- UNHCR referred
- Government sets the quota size reviewed every 3 years
- Government establishes the regional distribution
- New Zealand residents on arrival





2018/19 Quota composition







Selection and arrival process

NZ government decides **UNHCR** submits referrals RQB at the Mangere prepares mission trips to interview refuges **Overseas Selection Mission Approval for resettlement in New Zealand** Allocation to an intake **Arrival to New Zealand MRRC Arrival in Community**



Refugee Journey Offshore-Health Requirements

Required medical assessments are:

- a limited medical certificate
- a chest x-ray
- a full blood count, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), and an HIV test



Refugee Journey Offshore-Health Requirements

The conditions that cannot be waivered are:

- Current dialysis treatment or likely to need dialysis in the next 5 years;
- Severe haemophilia;
- Conditions requiring full-time care;
- Current active TB;
- Multiple Drug Resistant TB (MDR-TB) or Extensively Drug Resistant TB (XDR-TB).

Anyone identified as having one of five conditions cannot be selected for inclusion in the Refugee Quota Programme unless they are granted an exception on a case-by-case basis by the Minister of Immigration.

Increasing the Quota

- NZ Quota increased from 1000 to 1500 people on July 2020
- More people going to Mangere Refugee Resettlement Centre (Te Āhuru Mōwai o Aotearoa: "A safe haven in Aotearoa") for a shorter duration of time
- New Settlement Locations





Existing places that accept refugees:

- Auckland
- Hamilton
- Palmerston North
- Wellington



- Nelson
- Christchurch
- Dunedin
- Invercargill

Additional places that will be accepting refugees:

- Levin
- Masterton



- Blenheim
- Ashburton
- Timaru

New Health Model

- Looks at whole of quota refugee health journey
- Voluntary medical screening
- Vaccinations
- Pre-departure health check before arrival to NZ
- Enhanced primary health care and ancillary services at Mangere.

Quota Refugee Health Model

VISION

All quota refugees living in New Zealand will be living, healthy, safe and independent lives.

KEY MESSAGES

- Supporting the health of refugees throughout their journey to resettlement in NZ
- Planning complex health services earlier to ensure the right care is given at the right time
- Coordinating services offshore throug to resettlement communities
- > Orientating refugees early to the NZ
- Providing tools to refugees to navigate the health system to allow them to manage their own health needs better

OBJECTIVES

Offer an integrated health service across the continuum to:

- aid resettlement
- nlan services in a timely manner
- reduce the personal burden of disease
- improve health outcomes and equity for all quota refugees

PRINCIPLES

Focus on prevention and early intervention, including for mental health needs, to reduce the personal and social burden of disease:

- provide people-centred services
- are sustainable in the long term, with consistent services across the country
- focus on achieving effective self-
- are informed by evidence, test and evaluate promising interventions to improve our knowledge for refugee health

OUTCOMES

- Living healthy lifestyles
- > Increased health literacy
- Self managing

if you have any queries please contac RHLT@mbie.govt.nz





Settlement Exams

- Settlement Health Assessment 948
 - Offered once visa approved and does not affect visa status.
 - Full History/ Full Physical Examination/ Pregnancy / Laboratory and vaccinations. Enables planning of Health services in NZ.
- Pre-departure Health check 949
 - Offered once intake is selected 21 days prior to departure
 - Health information update/ TB Screening/ Travel and post-arrival requirements/ Personal requirements/ and Settlement Medications.
- Settlement Additional Information 956
 - Blank form that allows us to request further information. This form can be prescribed at anytime however mostly it is prescribed with the 949.

Offshore Health Reports



Offshore Health Report

| Given/First Name: | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Family/Last Name: | |
| Date of Birth: | |
| Gender: | |
| NHI: | |
| Language/s spoken: | |
| Preferred language: | |
| Translator required: | |
| Country of Birth: | |
| Country of Departure: | |
| Fligibility for Healthcare in New Zealand: | N7 Permanent Resident |

Ongoing concerns/Issues:

1. Former Refugee

Medical/Surgical History:

1. Issues Information

Women's Health History;

1. Issues

(Obstetric history, gynaecological history, family planning)

Men's Health History:

1. Issues Information

Children's Health History;

Birth History

Information

Developmental Milestones

Information

Diet

Information

Family history:

Always complete. If nil documented write Nil known family history

 Every refugee will have an offshore health report summarising the available pertinent offshore health information



Offshore Health Reports



Wellness/Mental Health History:

mental health

Social History:

Where fled from Family

Religion

Drinking, smoking

Driving Education

Work history

Friends or family in New Zealand

Current Medications: Always complete. If nil documented write Nil known medications

Allergies: Always complete. If nil documented write No known drug allergies

Vaccinations:

History:

Still required:

Offshore Assessment Findings;

Measurements (date):

Height:

BMI or Head Circumference: Resoiratory Rate:

Blood Pressure:

Heart Rate:

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Vision: 6/ (right eye), 6/ (left eye)

Investigations (date):

Hepatitis B, hepatitis C and syphilis serology: negative

Full blood count: within normal limits Stool microscopy: no ova or cysts. Chest X-ray: no significant abnormalities.

Investigations (date):

Full blood count and eGFR; within normal parameters.

HIV test: non-reactive



Recommendations:

1. Medical Condition

Advice specific to condition

Referrals as indicated

2. Vaccination

Requires ______ in order to be up to date with the New Zealand Immunisation Schedule

3. Stool screening

Arrange a further 2 stool specimens for culture and microscopy.

4. Sexual Health screening

Offer sexual health check (aged 15 plus)

5. Family Planning

Discuss family planning

6. Cervical Screening

Discuss national cervical screening programme and offer cervical screening. (aged 25 - 70)

7. Breast Screening

Discuss national breast screening programme and offer breast screening. (aged 45-69)

8. Bowel Screening

Discuss national bowel screening programme and offer bowel screening. (aged 60-74)

9. Dental follow u

Consider Emergency dental assessment at Mangere Refugee Resettlement Centre Discuss enrolling people aged <18 with local dental services for young people Discuss dental services in New Zealand.

10. Before school check

Refer to local before school check for vision and hearing screening (for children aged around 4)

Author:

Qualifications:

Role: Refugee Health Nurse Specialist or Refugee Health Medical Officer



Data Export to PMS (Patient Management System)

Final step

- Export data to PMS with the NHI number
- Preview of all exams in the PMS patient inbox

